

EMC filters

2-line filters for converters and power electronics

Series/Type:B84142A/C/J*S081Date:January 2021

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B84142A/C/J*S081

2-line filters

for converters and power electronics

EMC filters for DC systems and photovoltaics Rated voltage V_R : 1000 V DC and 1500 V DC Rated current I_R : 180 A to 1600 A

Construction

- 2-line filter
- Metal case

Versions

- B84142A*S081 type for standard applications with high voltages.
- B84142C*S081 type with reduced Y capacitance for higher asymmetrical currents and higher voltages.
- B84142J*S081 type without Y capacitors, very low leakage current.

Features

- High insertion loss
- Very low power loss
- High DC voltage
- Low weight
- Design complies with IEC 60939, UL 1283, CSA C22.2 No.8
- UL and cUL approval (600 V AC) **FL** cFL

Typical applications

- Photovoltaic modules
- Wind farms
- Power supplies

Terminals

Busbars

Marking

Marking on component: Manufacturer's logo, ordering code, rated voltage, rated current, rated temperature, climatic category, date code, approvals

Minimum data on packaging:

Manufacturer's logo, ordering code, quantity, date code



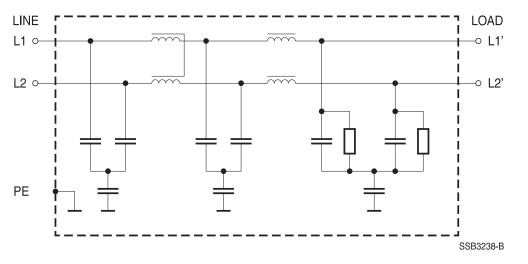
Schematic picture



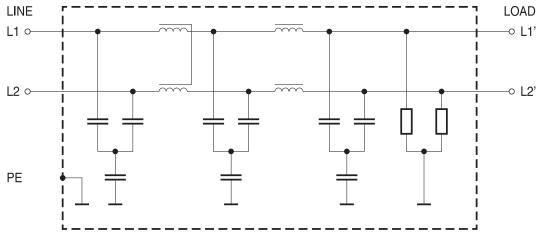
for converters and power electronics

Typical circuit diagrams

B84142A*S081

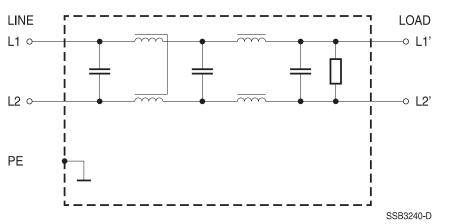


B84142C*S081



SSB3239-C

B84142J*S081



B84142A/C/J*S081



for converters and power electronics

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Technical data and measuring conditions

Rated voltage V _{R,L⁻L}	Type A*S081	1000 V DC		
Rated voltage V_{R,L^-Gnd}		800 V DC		
	Type C*S081	1500 V DC		
		1500 V DC		
	Type J*S081	1000 V DC		
		1000 V DC		
Rated current I _R	Referred to 40 °C ra	Referred to 40 °C rated temperature (250 A 1600 A)		
	Referred to 60 °C ra	Referred to 60 °C rated temperature (180 A)		
Rated peak withstand current Ipk	According IEC 6043	According IEC 60439-1:2011, chapter 3.8.10.2;		
	limited by I ² t charact	limited by I ² t characteristics of fuse		
Test voltage V _{test}	Type A*S081 and	3270 V DC, 2 s (line/line)		
	Type J*S081	2890 V DC, 2 s (lines/case)		
	Type C*S081	4200 V DC, 2 s (line/line)		
		4200 V DC, 2 s (lines/case)		
Overload capability (thermal)	1.5 \cdot I _R for 3 min per hour or			
	$2.5 \cdot I_{R}$ for 30 s per hour			
Climatic category (IEC 60068-1)	25/100/21 (-25 °C/+100 °C/21 days damp heat test)			
Approvals	UL 1283, CSA C22.2 No.8 (600 V AC)			
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Characteristics and ordering codes

I _R	I _{pk}	Terminal cross section	R _{typ}	Approx. weight	Ordering code	Approvals	
А	kA	mm ²	mΩ	kg		71	c 7 1
$V_{R} = 10$	V _B = 1000 V DC						
180	25	20× 3	0.110	4.9	B84142A0180S081	×	×
180	25	20× 3	0.110	4.9	B84142J0180S081	×	×
250	25	20× 3	0.110	5.0	B84142A0250S081	×	×
250	25	20× 3	0.110	5.0	B84142J0250S081	×	×
320	50	25× 5	0.051	7.8	B84142A0320S081	×	×
320	50	25× 5	0.051	7.8	B84142J0320S081	×	×
400	50	25×5	0.048	7.8	B84142A0400S081	×	×
400	50	25× 5	0.048	7.8	B84142J0400S081	×	×
600	50	30×5	0.043	7.9	B84142A0600S081	×	×
600	50	30×5	0.043	7.9	B84142J0600S081	×	×
1000	75	40× 8	0.029	19.9	B84142A1000S081	×	×
1000	75	40× 8	0.029	19.9	B84142J1000S081	×	×
1250	75	50 × 10	0.022	24.5	B84142A1250S081	×	×
1250	75	50 × 10	0.022	24.5	B84142J1250S081	×	×
1600	75	50 × 10	0.022	24.5	B84142A1600S081	×	×
1600	75	50 × 10	0.022	24.5	B84142J1600S081	×	×
$V_{R} = 15$	500 V DO	0					
180	25	20× 3	0.110	4.9	B84142C0180S081	×	×
250	25	20× 3	0.110	5.0	B84142C0250S081	×	×
320	50	25× 5	0.051	7.8	B84142C0320S081	×	×
400	50	25×5	0.048	7.8	B84142C0400S081	×	×
600	50	30× 5	0.043	7.9	B84142C0600S081	×	×
1000	75	40× 8	0.029	19.9	B84142C1000S081	×	×
1250	75	50 × 10	0.022	24.5	B84142C1250S081	×	×
1600	75	50 × 10	0.022	24.5	B84142C1600S081	×	×

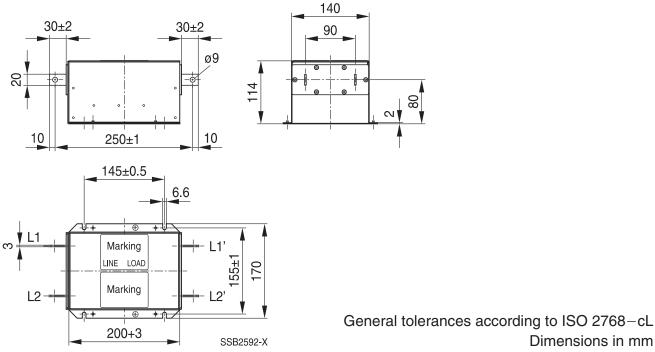
 \times = Approval granted for 600 V AC



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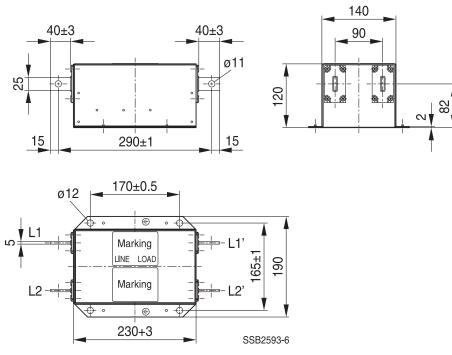
Dimensional drawings

B84142A/C/J0180S081, B84142A/C/J0250S081 (180 A, 250 A)



Dimensions in mm Busbar connection see section "Mechanical properties"

B84142A/C/J0320S081, B84142A/C/J0400S081 (320 A, 400 A)



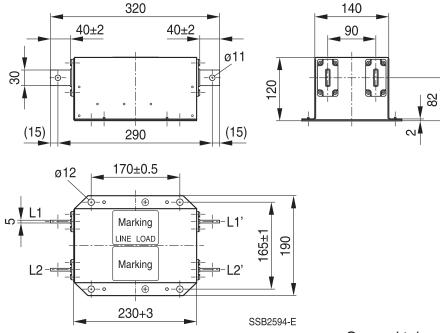
General tolerances according to ISO 2768-cL Dimensions in mm Busbar connection see section "Mechanical properties"



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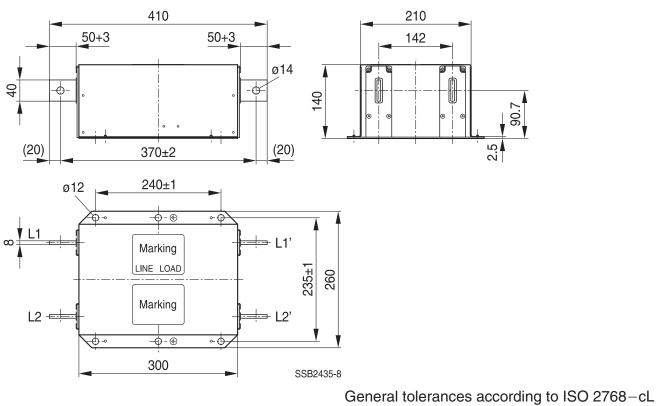
B84142A/C/J0600S081 (600 A)

B84142A/C/J1000S081 (1000 A)



General tolerances according to ISO 2768-cL Dimensions in mm

Busbar connection see section "Mechanical properties"



Dimensions in mm

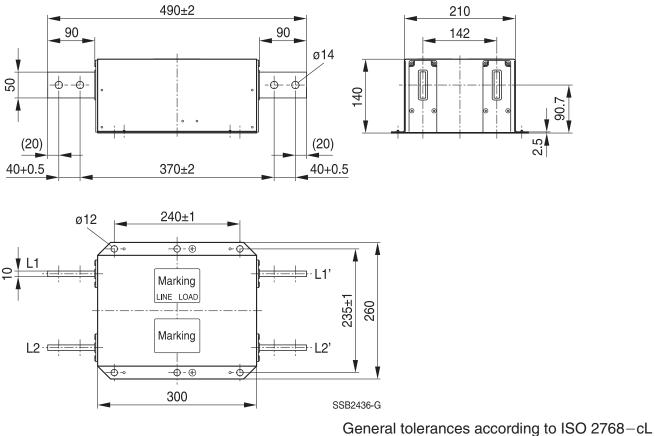
Busbar connection see section "Mechanical properties"

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B84142A/C/J1250S081, B84142A/C/J1600S081 (1250 A, 1600 A)

Dimensions in mm Busbar connection see section "Mechanical properties"

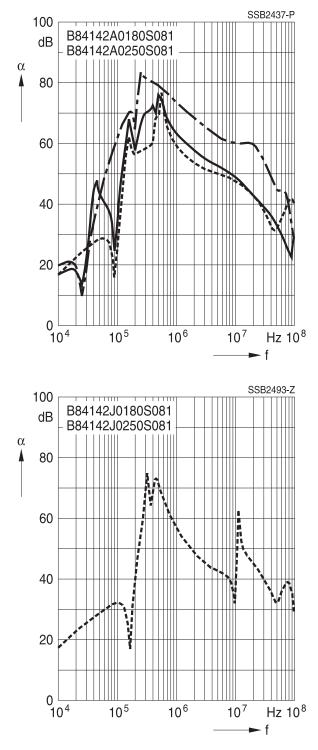


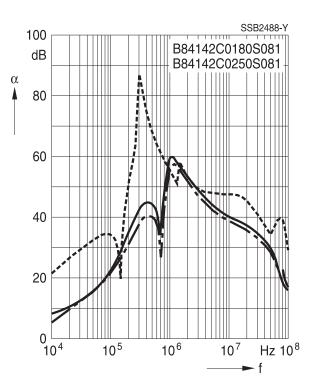
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Insertion loss (typical values at $Z = 50 \Omega$)

- unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated
 - common mode, all branches in parallel (asymmetrical)
- ---- differential mode (symmetrical)

Filters for 180 A and 250 A





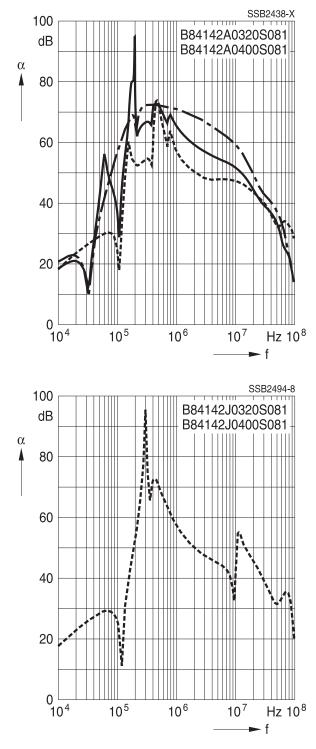


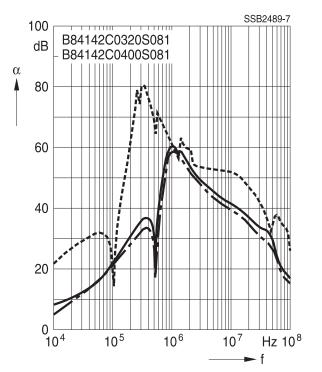
for converters and power electronics

Insertion loss (typical values at $Z = 50 \Omega$)

- uns
- unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated common mode, all branches in parallel (asymmetrical)
 - differential mode (symmetrical)

Filters for 320 A and 400 A





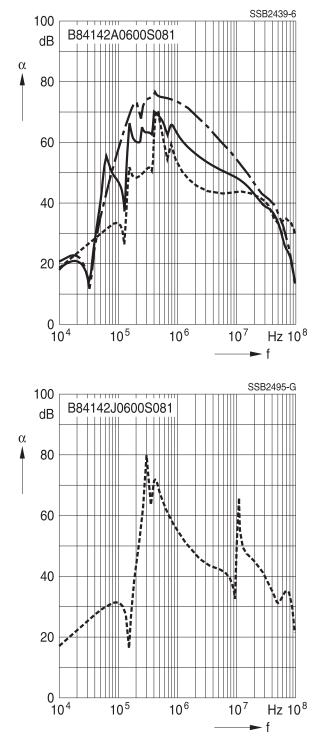


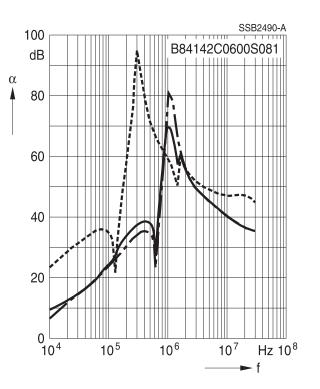
for converters and power electronics

Insertion loss (typical values at $Z = 50 \Omega$)

- unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated
- common mode, all branches in parallel (asymmetrical)
- differential mode (symmetrical)

Filters for 600 A





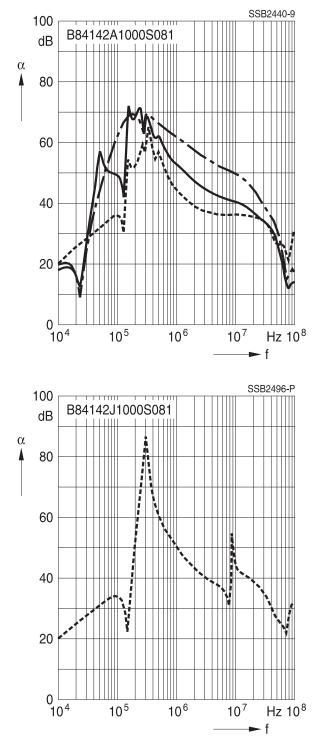


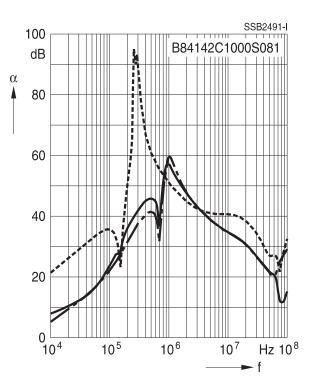
for converters and power electronics

Insertion loss (typical values at $Z = 50 \Omega$)

- unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated
 - common mode, all branches in parallel (asymmetrical)
- differential mode (symmetrical)

Filters for 1000 A





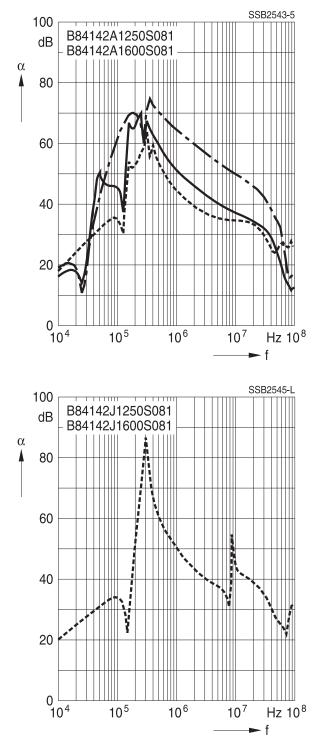


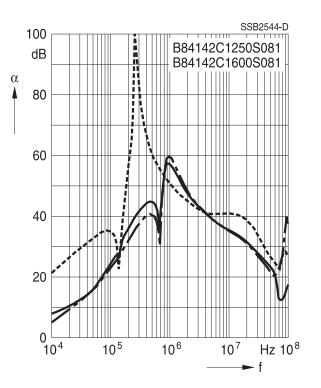
for converters and power electronics

Insertion loss (typical values at $Z = 50 \Omega$)

- unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated
 - common mode, all branches in parallel (asymmetrical)
- – – differential mode (symmetrical)

Filters for 1250 A and 1600 A







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2-line filters

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Cautions and warnings

Please read all warning and safety notes carefully before installing the filter and putting it into operation (see \underline{M}). The same applies to the warning signs on the filter. Please ensure that the signs are not removed nor their legibility impaired by external influences.

Death, serious bodily injury and substantial material damage to equipment may occur if the appropriate safety measures are not carried out or the warnings in the text are not observed.

Using according to the terms

The filters may be used only for their intended application within the specified values in lowvoltage networks in compliance with the instructions given in the data sheets and the data book. The conditions at the place of application must comply with all specifications for the filter used.

Marning

- It shall be ensured that only qualified persons (electricity specialists) are engaged on work such as planning, assembly, installation, operation, repair and maintenance. They must be provided with the corresponding documentation.
- Danger of electric shock. Filters contain components that store an electric charge. Dangerous voltages can continue to exist at the filter terminals for longer than five minutes even after the power has been switched off.
- The protective earth connections shall be the first to be made when the filter is installed and the last to be disconnected. Depending on the magnitude of the leakage currents, the particular specifications for making the protective earth connection must be observed.
- Impermissible overloading of the filter or filter, such as with circuits able to cause resonances, impermissible voltages at higher frequencies etc. can lead to bodily injury and death as well as cause substantial material damages (e.g. destruction of the filter housing).
- Filters must be protected in the application against impermissible exceeding of the rated currents by overcurrent protective devices.
- In case of leakage currents >3.5 mA you shall mount the PE conductor stationary with the required cross section before beginning of operation and save it against disconnecting. For leakage currents I_L¹ ≤10 mA the PE conductor must have a KU value² of 4.5³; for leakage currents I_L >10 mA the PE conductor must have a KU value of 6⁴.
- Output chokes and output filters must be protected in the application against impermissible exceeding of the component temperature.
- The converter output frequency must be within the specified range to avoid resonances and uncontrolled warming of the output chokes and output filters.
- Because the product can become very hot during operation, there is the risk of burns if touched. The product can remain hot for some time after the power is switched off!

- 2) The KU value (symbol KU) is a classification parameter of safety-referred failure types designed to ensure protection against hazardous body currents and excessive heating.
- A value of KU = 4.5 with respect to interruptions is attained with: a) permanently connected protective earth connection ≥1.5 mm² and b) a protective earth connection ≥2.5 mm² via connectors for industrial equipment (IEC 60309-2)
- 4) KU = 6 with respect to interruptions is achieved for fixed-connection lines $\geq 10 \text{ mm}^2$ where the type of connection and installation correspond to the requirements for PEN conductors as specified in relevant standards.

¹⁾ I_L = leakage current let-go



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The table below summarizes the safety instructions that must be observed without fail. A detailed description can be found in the relevant chapters of the databook.

Торіс	Instructions	Reference chapter (data book), paragraph
Selecting a filter	When selecting a filter, it is mandatory to observe the rated data of the equipment (such as its rated input current, rated voltage, harmonic content etc.) as well as the derating instructions in Chapters 9 and 10.	Selection guide for converter filters
Rated voltage	When power distribution systems deviating from the symmetric TN-S system is to check the suitability of the filters and the allowed voltages including the fault cases.	Power distribution systems, 7
Protection from residual voltages Discharge resistors	Active parts must be discharged within 5 s to a voltage of less than 60 V (or 50 μ C). If this limit cannot be observed due to the operating mode, the hazardous point must be permanently marked in a clearly visible way.	
	Filters which are not permanently connected (e.g. when the test voltage is applied to the filter at the incoming goods inspection) must be discharged after the voltage has been switched off.	Safety regulations, 6.2
Installing and removing of filters Installation	When installing and removing our filters, a voltage-free state must be set up and secured with observance of the five safety rules described in EN 50110-1.	, , , ,
Use in IT systems	The special features of the IT system ("first fault case" and other fault cases) shall be observed.	Power distribution system (network types), 7.6
Safety notes on leakage currents	The filter leakage currents specified in the data book are intended for user information only.The maximum leakage current of the entire electrical equipment or appliance has to be limited for safety reasons. Please obtain the applicable limits for your application from the relevant regulations, provisions and standards.	8.4 Leakage current,
Voltage derating Hazards caused by overloading the filters	If the permissible limits for the higher-frequency voltages at the filter are exceeded, the filter may be damaged or destroyed.	• •
Current derating at elevated ambient temperatures	Non-observance of the current derating may lead to overheating and consequently represents a fire hazard.	Current derating, 10.1



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Торіс	Instructions	Reference chapter (data book), paragraph
Protective earth connection at operating currents >250 A	For operating currents greater than 250 A, we recommend the PE connection to be set up between the feed (filter: line) and output (filter: load) not via the PE terminal bolt in the filter housing.	instructions,
Mounting position	Note the mounting position of the filters! It must always be ensured that natural convection is not impaired.	•
Long motor cables Long motor cables cause parasitic currents in the installation. The cable lengths indicated for the output chokes and output filters serve for orientation. The user must check the technical parameters and especially the choke temperatures for the respective application.		Mounting instructions, point 15

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Detailed information can be found on the Internet under www.tdk-electronics.tdk.com/orderingcodes.



for converters and power electronics

Symbols and terms

Symbol	English	German
α	Insertion loss	Einfügungsdämpfung
C _R	Rated capacitance	Bemessungskapazität
C _x	Capacitance X capacitor	Kapazität X-Kondensator
C _Y	Capacitance Y capacitor	Kapazität Y-Kondensator
ΔV	Voltage drop (input to output)	Spannungsabfall (Eingang zu Ausgang)
dv/dt	Rate of voltage rise	Spannungsanstiegsgeschwindigkeit
f	Frequency	Frequenz
f _M	Converter output frequency	Motorfrequenz
f _P	Pulse frequency	Pulsfrequenz
f _R	Rated frequency	Bemessungsfrequenz
f _{res}	Resonant frequency	Resonanzfrequenz
I _C	Current through capacitor	Strom durch Kondensator
I _{LK}	Filter leakage current	Filter-Ableitstrom
l _{max}	Maximum current	Maximalstrom
I _N	Nominal current	Nennstrom
l _{op}	Operating current (design current)	Betriebsstrom
l _{pk}	Rated peak withstand current	Bemessungs-Stoßstromfestigkeit
l _q	Capacitive reactive current	Kapazitiver Blindstrom
I _R	Rated current	Bemessungsstrom
I _s	Interference current	Störstrom
L	Inductance	Induktivität
L _R	Rated inductance	Bemessungsinduktivität
L _{stray}	Stray inductance	Streuinduktivität
PL	Power loss	Verlustleistung
R	Resistance	Widerstand
R _{is}	Insulation resistance	Isolationswiderstand
R _{typ}	DC resistance, typical value	Gleichstromwiderstand typisch
T _A	Ambient temperature	Umgebungstemperatur
T _{max}	Upper category temperature	Obere Kategorietemperatur
T_{min}	Lower category temperature	Untere Kategorietemperatur
T _R	Rated temperature	Bemessungstemperatur
U _k	Referred voltage drop in %	Bezogener Spannungsabfall in %
V_{eff}	RMS voltage	Effektivspannung
Vκ	Voltage drop	Spannungsabfall
V_{LE}	Voltage line to earth; voltage line to ground	Spannung Phase zu Erdpotential
V _N	Nominal voltage	Nennspannung
V_{R}	Rated voltage	Bemessungsspannung
V_{peak}	Peak voltage	Spitzenspannung
V _{test}	Test voltage	Prüfspannung
V _x	Voltage over X capacitor	Spannung über X-Kondensator
V _Y	Voltage over Y capacitor	Spannung über Y-Kondensator
XL	Inductive reactance	Induktiver Blindwiderstand
Z	Impedance	Scheinwiderstand
Z	Impedance, absolute value	Scheinwiderstand (Betragswert)

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- 1. Some parts of this publication contain statements about the suitability of our products for certain areas of application. These statements are based on our knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on our products in the areas of application concerned. We nevertheless expressly point out that such statements cannot be regarded as binding statements about the suitability of our products for a particular customer application. As a rule, we are either unfamiliar with individual customer applications or less familiar with them than the customers themselves. For these reasons, it is always ultimately incumbent on the customer to check and decide whether a product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular customer application.
- 2. We also point out that in individual cases, a malfunction of electronic components or failure before the end of their usual service life cannot be completely ruled out in the current state of the art, even if they are operated as specified. In customer applications requiring a very high level of operational safety and especially in customer applications in which the malfunction or failure of an electronic component could endanger human life or health (e.g. in accident prevention or lifesaving systems), it must therefore be ensured by means of suitable design of the customer application or other action taken by the customer (e.g. installation of protective circuitry or redundancy) that no injury or damage is sustained by third parties in the event of malfunction or failure of an electronic component.
- 3. The warnings, cautions and product-specific notes must be observed.
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